

DOKUMEN NEGARA

SANGAT RAHASIA

3



Bahasa Inggris SMA/MA IPS

Nama :	
No Peserta :	

Listening Section

In this section of the test, you will have the chance to show how well you understand spoken English. There are four parts to this section with special direction for each part.

PART I**Questions 1 to 4.****Directions:**

In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogues and questions spoken in English. The dialogues and the questions will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you listen to the dialogue and the question about it, read the five possible answers, and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard. Now listen to a sample question.

You will hear:

Man : I give up! I'll stop learning French.

Woman : Why do you say that? You are making a lot of progress.

Man : No, I'm not. I've tried hard but still I cannot speak it well.

Woman : How come? You can speak Arabic, Hindi, Japanese and even Russian well, can't you?

Narrator : What language is difficult for the man to learn?

- A. Hindi.
- B. Arabic.
- C. French.
- D. Russian.
- E. Japanese.

The best answer to this question is "French". Therefore you should choose answer (C).

1.
 - A. Job vacancy.
 - B. Job interview.
 - C. Printing company.
 - D. Getting high salary.
 - E. Finding a job.

2.
 - A. A novel.
 - B. A comic.
 - C. A magazine.
 - D. A science book.
 - E. An English Grammar Book.

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3. A. The exam is easy.
 B. This time will not fly.
 C. The exam is in three weeks.
 D. He knows many things about the exam.
 E. He still has three days for the exam preparation.
4. A. She came to Nisa's party.
 B. She couldn't make a party.
 C. She had to go to a doctor.
 D. She invited the man to a party.
 E. She didn't go to Nisa's party.

PART II**Questions: 5 to 7.****Directions:**

In this part of the test, you will hear some incomplete dialogues spoken in English, followed by four responses, also spoken in English. The dialogues and the responses will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. You have to choose the best response to each question.

Now listen to a sample question.

Man : Hey, Cindy could you do me a favour?

Woman : What can I do for you?

Man : Would you mind going to the post office to send my letter?

Woman :

Narrator : What is the woman's possible response?

 A. I am all out. Sorry.

 B. I love to write letters.

 C. Sure, by all means.

 D. It's next to the police station.

Narrator : The best answer to the question is: "Sure, by all means." Therefore you should choose answer (C).

5. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.
6. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.
7. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.

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PART III

Questions 8 to 11.

Directions:

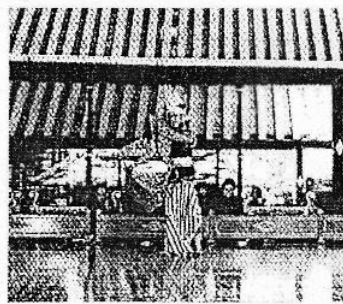
In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogues or monologues spoken in English. The dialogues or monologues will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. After you listen to the dialogue or monologue, look at the five pictures provided in your test book, and decide which would be the most suitable one with the dialogue or monologue you have heard.

8.

A.



B.



C.



D.



E.



9.

A.



B.



C.



D.



E.



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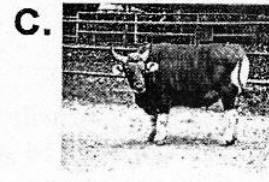
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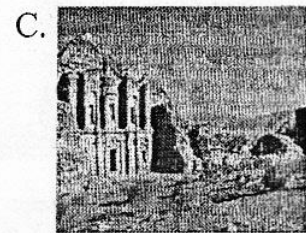
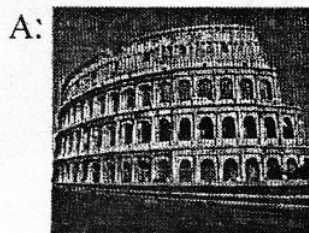


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10.



11.

**PART IV****Questions 12 to 15.****Directions:**

In this part of the test, you will hear several monologues. Each monologue will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you hear the monologue and the question about it, read the five possible answers and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard.

Questions 12 and 13 are based on the following monologue.

12. A. Paris.
B. The Louvre.
C. Notre Dame
D. The crowded city.
E. The City of Light.

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13. A. The Louvre.
 B. The Cathedral.
 C. The Eiffel Tower.
 D. The lovely garden.
 E. The light structure.

Questions 14 and 15 are based on the following monologue.

14. A. Other beasts.
 B. The water.
 C. The frogs.
 D. A lake.
 E. A horse.
15. A. They ate an animal.
 B. They lived in a lake.
 C. They saw wild horses.
 D. They went somewhere.
 E. They jumped into water.

This is the end of the listening section

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**Bahasa Inggris SMA/MA IPS**

The following text is for questions 16 and 17.

Dear Narendra,

First of all, as the chairman of the student exchange program selection team, I would like to appreciate your participation to the selection program.

Based on your performance at the interview session and the essay that you delivered earlier, I am very pleased to inform you that you are nominated as one of the 8 participants from Indonesia who will study in USA high school for 1 year.

I also would like to let you know that the competition was very severe among the participants. However you showed us yours. Fluency in English, strong commitment to be responsible and convincing reasons why you join this program are the reasons why you are nominated.

To proceed with the program I hope that you can connect your passport copy, recent pictures and medical record no later than March 29, 2012.

Congratulations for being nominated and I look forward to seeing you at the program soon.

Sincerely,

Scot Beck
Program chairman

16. Narendra is nominated as the candidate of the program mainly because
- A. he had a passport copy and recent photos
 - B. he interviewed other participants fluently
 - C. he spoke English quite a bit slowly
 - D. he was able to perform well on the interview test
 - E. he had a responsibility to join in the program
17. We can infer from the text that
- A. the selection of the student exchange program is very tight
 - B. Narendra is not selected as one of the student exchange program
 - C. Narendra must collect all requirements after March 29, 2012
 - D. Narendra should show good performance for the interview
 - E. there are 8 participants who came from USA

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Bahasa Inggris SMA/MA IPS

The following text is for questions 18 and 19

Hotel Work :

One Month Training Course

Suitable young men and women are invited to apply for places on the one month training course on hotel work organized by the Hong Kong Institute of Hotel Management. Tuition is free of charge and students who successfully complete the course will be offered employment in the Colony's leading hotels.

The Training Course will take place from Monday 21st July to Friday 22nd August, from 9 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. daily, except Saturdays and Sundays.

Applications for places on the course are welcome for students now in their third year at secondary school, who have good knowledge of English, and have interest in hotel work.

Application forms may be obtained from:

The Hong Kong Institute of Management,
Box 948,
The South China Times.

The closing date for applications is April 29th

18. Those who successfully complete the course will be given
- A. free tuition
 - B. a further training course
 - C. jobs in big hotels in the colony
 - D. a chance to stay in the colony's leading hotels for one month
 - E. membership of the Hong Kong Institute of Hotel management
19. What requirement is needed by an applicant to apply for the hotel work training?
- A. Able to speak Mandarin.
 - B. Secondary school graduate.
 - C. Good knowledge of English.
 - D. Reputable university graduate.
 - E. 2-year experience in hotel work.



The following text is for questions 20 to 22.

Schumacher to retire again

Michael Schumacher announced his retirement from formula one for the second time at the age of 43 on Thursday after failing to rekindle his old Ferrari magic in a disappointing comeback with Mercedes.

The team had already announced last week that the seven-time world champion, winner of a record 91 races in a career that started in 1991, would be replaced by McLaren's Lewis Hamilton for the start of the 2013 campaign.

Schumacher told reporters, packed into the confined space of the tented Mercedes hospitality at the Suzuka circuit ahead of Sunday's Japanese Grand Prix that his decision came as a relief.

"I have decided to retire by the end of the year, although I am still able and capable to compete with the best drivers that are around," he declared, reading from a statement.

"But at some point, it is good to say goodbye. And that is what I am doing here ... and might this time be forever," he smiled.

Schumacher first retirement came at the end of 2006, after he had won five titles in a row with Ferrari from 2000 and won two with the Benetton in 1994 and 1995.

That departure proved premature, with the most successful driver in 62-year history of the sport unable to resist the allure of a return with Mercedes. Schumacher said he now wanted to enjoy his last six races-*Reuters*

20. How did Schumacher wanted to end his career? He wanted
- A. to become the best driver
 - B. to enjoy his last six races
 - C. to retire by the end of the year
 - D. to say goodbye through reporters
 - E. to drive Mercedes first
21. From the text we learn that Schumacher....
- A. started his career before 1991
 - B. has announced his retirement 3 times
 - C. will reach the age of 43 on Thursday
 - D. will be replaced by Lewis Hamilton of Ferrari
 - E. failed to comeback with satisfying result with Mercedes
22. What is the main idea of the second paragraph?
- A. Schumacher began his career in 1991.
 - B. The team announced Michael Schumacher's retirement.
 - C. Schumacher has won the World Champion seven times.
 - D. Schumacher will be replaced by Lewis Hamilton.
 - E. Schumacher is a winner of a record 91 times.



The following text is for questions 23 to 25

Imagine a tiny snake robot crawling through your body, helping a surgeon identify diseases and perform operations. It's not a science fiction. Scientists and doctors are using the creeping metallic tools to perform surgery on hearts, prostate, and other organs. The snakebots carry tiny camera's scissors and forceps, and even more advanced sensors are in the works. For now, they're powered by tethers that humans control. But experts say the day is coming when some robots will roam the body on their own.

"It won't be very long before we have robots that are nanobots, meaning, they will actually be inside the body without tether," the cardiac surgery chief at New York-Presbyterian Hospital and Columbia University Medical Center, Dr Michael Argenziano said.

Dr Argenziano was involved with some of the first US Food and Drug Administration clinical trails on robotic heart surgery more than 10 years ago. Now he says snake robots have become a commonly used tool that gives surgeons a whole new perspective. "It's like the ability to have little hands inside the patients, as if a surgeon had been shrunken, and was working on the heart valve," he said. However Dr Argenziano and experts in robotics say the new creations work best when they're designed for very specific tasks. "The robot is a tool. It is no different from a scalpel in that sense. It's really a master-slave device," he said.

23. What is the text about?
- A. The development of snake robots for surgery.
 - B. The new technology in robot industry.
 - C. Surgery operation by a snake robot.
 - D. Snake robots used to perform surgery.
 - E. Heart and prostate surgery with robots.
24. The writer of the text suggests that
- A. robotic heart surgery is more successful than manual surgery
 - B. robotic technology in heart surgery is very expensive
 - C. only a tiny robot can be used in surgery
 - D. heart surgery can be done by a robot
 - E. the robot can not replace the doctor
25. "... as if the surgeon had been shrunken" (Paragraph 3).
The underlined word is associated with
- A. depth
 - B. size
 - C. price
 - D. shape
 - E. length

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Bahasa Inggris SMA/MA IPS

The following text is for questions 26 to 28

Named after one of her father's favorite crocodiles, Bindi Sue Irwin first appeared in front of the cameras when she was only a few weeks old. Her father, Steve Irwin, was the star of the popular nature program, *The Crocodile Hunter*.

Irwin shared her parent's passion for wildlife. Home-schooled, she grew up surrounded by the animals at the Australian Zoo which is owned and operated by her family.

She experienced a terrible loss in 2006 when her father died after being stung by a stingray while snorkeling on Australia's Great Barrier Reef. At Steve Irwin's memorial service, held at the Australian Zoo, she spoke warmly of her father, calling him "her hero".

In memory of her father, Irwin starred in the 2007 television documentary *My Daddy the Crocodile Hunter*. She continued to work on her new wildlife series for American television, *Bindi: The Jungle Girl*, which debuted that same year, with the young wildlife enthusiast educating and entertaining viewers with stories about animals. She rode an elephant, played with a python and introduced her audience to her pet rat, Candy. Irwin even sang and danced on the show with her back-up group, known as the Crocmen. Along with her mother, Irwin also appeared in the documentary series, *Planet's Best with Terri and Bindi*, around time.

Though the show only lasted for 26 episodes, *Bindi: The Jungle Girl* found a second life on Australian television. The series aired there in 2009. Back in the states, Irwin has made appearances on such talk shows as *The Oprah Winfrey Show* in recent years.

26. What can we learn from the text about Bindi Irwin?
- A. She shared her parent's passion for wildlife.
 - B. She and her mother visited the zoo every holiday.
 - C. Her teacher taught about various animals at school.
 - D. She had a dream of building a zoo in Australia.
 - E. Her parents forced her to live around animals.
27. How did Steve Irwin die?
- A. Stung by a stingray while snorkelling.
 - B. Bitten by his favourite crocodile, Bindi.
 - C. Stomped by an elephant after riding it.
 - D. Surrounded by animals in Australian zoo.
 - E. Drowned in Australia's Great Barrier Reef.
28. How did Irwin's family continue their life, after Steve left them for good?
- A. They continued doing things related to animals.
 - B. They totally stopped working on animal projects.
 - C. They kept hunting stingrays which caused him died.
 - D. They appointed a team to investigate his tragic death.
 - E. They sold all pets they had then studied at a university.



The following text is for questions 29 to 32.

How Chocolate is made:

Have we wondered how we get chocolate from? Well this time we will enter the amazing world of chocolate so we can understand exactly how chocolate is made.

Chocolate is taken from a tree called cacao tree. This tree grows in equatorial regions, especially in places such as South America, Africa, and Indonesia. The cacao tree produces a fruit about the size of a small pine apple. Inside the fruits are the tree's seeds. They are also known as coco beans.

Next, the beans are fermented for about a week, dried in the sun. After that they are shipped to the chocolate maker. The chocolate makers work by roasting the beans to bring out the flavour. The beans from different places have different qualities and flavour. So they are often sorted and blended to produce a distinctive mix.

The next process is winnowing. The roasted beans are winnowed to remove the meat nib of cacao bean from its shell. Then the nibs are blended. The blended nibs are grinds to make liquid. The liquid is called chocolate liquor. It tastes bitter.

All seeds contain some amount of fat and cacao beans are not different. However, cacao beans are half fat. It is pure bitter chocolate.

29. Why are the coco beans roasted?
- To have good looking.
 - To have good taste.
 - To bring out its colour.
 - To make it well-looked.
 - To have it burned.
30. What is called 'chocolate liquor'?
- The fermented coco.
 - The grounded beans.
 - The meat nib of coco.
 - The liquid out of roasted beans.
 - The liquid made of chocolate grinds.
31. The most important stage to have good flavour of the chocolate is in
- the sorting
 - the fermenting
 - the roasting
 - the winnowing
 - the grinding
32. "After that they are shipped to the chocolate maker." (paragraph 3)
The underline words is closest in meaning to
- exported
 - delivered
 - chosen
 - sorted
 - sold

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Bahasa Inggris SMA/MA IPS

The following text is for questions 33 to 35

Faster planes and cheaper flights are making it easier than ever before for people to travel. In the most 'developed' societies, visiting exotic places is a sought-after status symbol. The tourism industries of both developed and developing countries have recognised this fact and are learning to take advantage of it.

There are, however, some problems associated with this new industry. Firstly, there is the increasing crime rate. Some locals see tourists as an easy prey because, not only are they in unfamiliar territory and therefore less able to take care of themselves, but also they carry visible items of wealth, such as cameras and jewelery which can be disposed of quickly for profit.

Another major problem is health. With greater mobility comes greater danger of spreading contagious diseases around the world. One carrier returning home could easily start an epidemic before their illness was diagnosed. Moreover, the emergence of many diseases which resist antibiotics is causing scientists to be increasingly concerned about this issue.

Also to be considered is the natural environment, which can be seriously threatened by too many visitors. Australia's Great Barrier Reef, for example, is in danger of being destroyed by tourists and there are plans to restrict visitors to some of the more delicate coral cays

These are just three of the reasons why any country should be wary of committing itself to an extensive tourism development program.

33. Why does the natural environment become one of the serious problem associated with the faster planes and cheaper flight? Because
- A. it easily started an epidemic before their illness was diagnosed
 - B. it can be destroyed by too many visitors
 - C. the health problem will increase
 - D. they carry visible items of wealth
 - E. it can increase crime rate
34. Why is the crime rate increasing due to the new industry?
- A. Some tourists carry visible items of wealth.
 - B. The tourists are spreading contagious diseases.
 - C. The government is planning to restrict visitors to some coral cays.
 - D. The new industry makes the number of unemployment increase.
 - E. The tourists come by plane.
35. "One carrier returning home could easily start an epidemic before their illness was diagnosed." (Paragraph 3)
The underlined word means
- A. found
 - B. observed
 - C. identified
 - D. examined
 - E. healed

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Bahasa Inggris SMA/MA IPS

The following text is for questions 36 to 38.

The Halloween Kid

Burgeoning filmmaker Axelle Carolyn showed a lyrical, controlled sense of cinema in her 2011 short film debut THE LAST POST. Now, the sometime actress, model and author have created another work of gentle, frightening craft in THE HALLOWEEN KID.

The short film features a rhyming, Edward Gorey-esque poem (penned by Carolyn) as its script and story: a tale of a poor, put-upon little boy named Henry who feels more akin to the supernatural creatures of his imagination than the cruel, narrow minded adults and children who permeates his world. But of course, Henry might not be as delusional as we think and, come Halloween, he found his only moments of respite amongst other kids, who are in fact, dead!

That's pretty much it as far as THE HALLOWEEN KID's narrative goes, but like THE LAST POST, the film is not about story, rather creating a tiny, perfectly realized universe that aims for more sensitivity than shock, more melancholy than morbid. The music is lovely and whimsical, as in the almost Boris Karloff-like narration by legendary Shakespearean dramatic Derek Jacobi.

THE HALLOWEEN KID shows even more promise from Carolyn, who with this beautifully sculpted piece of work is one to watch, not just as a 'horror filmmaker', but as a quality director of movies, full stop.

36. The writer of script and story in the Halloween Kid is
- A. Axelle Carolyn
 - B. Edward Gorey
 - C. Derek Jacoby
 - D. Shakespear
 - E. Henry
37. According to the reviewer, the movie was
- A. lovely
 - B. morbid
 - C. shocking
 - D. frightening
 - E. melancholy
38. Based on the text, the film has proven that Axelle Carolyn is
- A. a popular horror film maker
 - B. a beautiful sculptor
 - C. a qualified movie director
 - D. a talented actress
 - E. a talented model and author

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**Bahasa Inggris SMA/MA IPS****The following text is for questions 39 to 41.**

Internet has been the most outstanding innovation in the history of mankind. As with every single innovation, the internet has its own advantages and disadvantages.

The target of the internet has always been the communication. By the beginning of computer's internet, our earth has reduced and has attained the form of a global village. Now we can communicate in a fraction of second with a person who is sitting in the other parts of the world. Today, for better communication, we can avail the facilities of e-mail and we can chat for hours with our loved ones. There are plenty messenger services in offering. With the help of such services, it has become very easy to establish a kind of global friendship.

However, the internet also has disadvantages. One of them is the wide spread of unsuitable contents for kids. It is a very serious issue and related to children's healthy mental life. There are thousands of such inappropriate contents on the internet which can be easily found. Though, the internet can also create havoc, destruction and its misuse can be very fatal, the advantages of it out-weigh its disadvantages.

39. What is one of the advantages of internet?
- A. To create the misuse of time.
 - B. To easily find inappropriate person.
 - C. To chat with love ones only.
 - D. To connect people in the other part of the world.
 - E. To spread issues related to children healthy mental life.
40. What is the main idea of paragraph 2?
- A. The internet could create havoc and destruction.
 - B. The internet could facilitate communication.
 - C. The internet has more advantages than disadvantages.
 - D. Many modern devices can be connected to the internet.
 - E. The internet has become the most noticeable innovation.
41. All in all, the writer believes that the internet is
- A. very harmful
 - B. inappropriate
 - C. very useful
 - D. destructive
 - E. cheap

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**Bahasa Inggris SMA/MA IPS****The following text is for questions 42 to 44.**

Many people imagine the sea-horse to be real horse living in the sea. This is not true at all. The sea - horse is so called because it is a tiny creature with a horse-liked head which lives in the sea. Sea-horse are found mostly in warm seas.

They have a long, flexible tail which is used for wrapping around weeds for support. They swim upright position, their movements being helped by a rapidly oscillating fin on their back. The male sea-horse lays her eggs in this pouch.

The most remarkable thing about the sea-horse is that part of the process of reproduction is taken over by the male creature. Once the female sea-horse has laid her eggs in the male creature's pouch, she leaves. The hatching of the egg is done by the male fish. Mating begins with the male and the female sea-horses doing courtship dance. The male and female creatures swim around each other in circles.

At the end of the dance, the male appears to bow to its partner; but actually, the male is banding to pump water from his pouch. Next, the female fish lays eggs into the male's pouch. About two hundred eggs are laid. The pouch, then close up. The female sea- horse now swims away, leaving the male sea-horse to do hatching.

The eggs are hatched about a month later. The young sea-horses are ejected from the male creature's pouch by means of muscular contractions.

42. How does the sea-horse swing its fin?
- A. With its back.
 - B. With its position.
 - C. With its flexible tail.
 - D. With a slow manner.
 - E. With a fast movement.
43. What makes sea-horse remarkable?
- A. Its size.
 - B. Its reproduction process.
 - C. Its shape.
 - D. Its respiratory process.
 - E. Its rapid movement.
44. We know from the text that
- A. sea horse eat weeds for their food
 - B. the male sea-horse do the hatching
 - C. sea-horse is called because it is a tiny horse
 - D. the female sea-horse keeps her eggs in her pouch
 - E. the female sea-horse doesn't eat fish during pregnancy

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18



Bahasa Inggris SMA/MA IPS

The following text is for questions 45 and 46

PT SUMI INDO KABEL Tbk.
(“The Company”)
ANNOUNCEMENT
TO ALL THE SHAREHOLDERS

This is to inform the shareholders of PT. SUMI INDO KABEL Tbk. (“Company”) that the Annual General meeting of shareholders (“meeting”) shall be held on Monday September 10, 2012

The invitation for the meeting shall be announced on Thursday, August 9, 2012 in (two) newspapers.

Those who are entitled to attend or wish to be represented at the meeting by proxies and eligible to vote at the meeting are shareholders whose names are recorded in the Company’s register of shareholders on Wednesday, August 8, 2012 at 4 p.m..

Shareholders who will submit their proposal to the agenda of meeting in accordance with the Company’s Articles of Association must send it to the Directors at the latest 7 (seven) days before invitation of meeting.

Tangerang, July 25, 2012

PT. SUMI INDO KABEL Tbk
Director

45. The invitation will be announced on ...
- A. July 25, 2012
 - B. August 2, 2012
 - C. August 9, 2012
 - D. August 8, 2012
 - E. September 10, 2012
46. According to the text, the shareholders should
- A. send their proposal a week before the invitation of the meeting
 - B. announce the invitation for the meeting on Thursday
 - C. make a proposal during the meeting and represent it
 - D. receive an invitation and a proposal from the Directors
 - E. inform the invitation to the other shareholders

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19

**Bahasa Inggris SMA/MA IPS**

47. Arrange these sentences below into a good paragraph.

HOW TO TIE A NECK TIE

1. First of all, start with the wide end on your right.
2. Secondly, cross the wide end over the narrow, and back underneath.
3. Then bring the wide end up through the loop
4. Finally, pull the wide end through the knot in front. Tighten and draw up to collar
5. Then, bring the wide end up, and turn down through the loop
6. After that, pass the wide end around to the front from your left to right

- A. 1-2-6-5-3-4
- B. 1-2-3-4-5-6
- C. 1-2-3-5-4-6
- D. 1-2-5-3-6-4
- E. 1-2-5-6-3-4

Questions 48 to 50: complete the following text with the words provided.

The Man and The Monster

Once upon a time there lived a young man, named Nazar. He lived a very poor life. One day, Nazar went to town to look for a job. He had to climb up the hill and (48) ... a thick jungle to get to a nearest town. Suddenly, he heard (49) ... from a bush. When he approached, he found some people gathering around a big tree. Nazar realized that the people were doing against God order. Then he took out a big (50)... axe and planned to cut down the tree.

48.
- A. checked
 - B. examined
 - C. inspected
 - D. went through
 - E. hunted through
49.
- A. trembles
 - B. shadows
 - C. movement
 - D. gestures
 - E. sounds
50.
- A. sharp
 - B. edge
 - C. dull
 - D. rough
 - E. thick