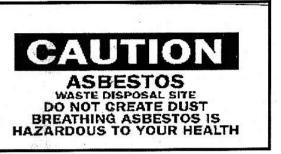
3

Bahasa Inggris SMP/MTs

Nama	:	Ve kan	
No Pese	rta:		

1. This text is for the following question.



What does the caution mean?

- A. It is hazardous if we create dust from the asbestos.
- B. Asbestos can create dust when we dispose it.
- C. It is dangerous for our health to breathe asbestos.
- D. Disposing asbestos is bad for our health.

The following text is for questions 2 and 3.



- 2. Which of the following information can we find in the text?
 - A. The party is at Clementi's house.
 - B. Gladys will celebrate her friend's birthday.
 - C. The party is from 1 p.m. until 11 p.m.
 - D. The party will be ended at 1 p.m.
- 3. "Her Party Time"

- A. Gladys
- B. Gina
- C. Clementi
- D. Scooby Doo





Bahasa Inggris SMP/MTs

The following text is for questions 4 to 6.

ANNOUNCEMENT

To all our beloved readers,

We are pleased to announce a short story writing contest.

The participants must agree to the following conditions:

All contest entries must be:

- original, never been published before
- typed in double spaced
- free from offensive materials

The Competition will award three prizes:

First Prize : Rp 5,000,000 Second Prize : Rp 3,000,000 Third Prize : Rp 2,000,000

Your name, age, address and phone number must be included, type on a separate

paper!

Send your entries to our office no later than December 14th 2013.

For further information, contact: Secretary's Office of the Remaja Magazine

E-Mail: inforemajamagazine@yahoo.mail

- 4. The text tells you about
 - A. a short story writing contest
 - B. an announcement on the secretary's office
 - C. an entry to get the prizes of competition
 - D. a participant's condition for telling stories
- 5. From the text, we know that
 - A. The writing must be submitted before December.
 - B. The story can be written in triple spaced.
 - C. The short story can be a published one.
 - D. There are many prizes for winners.
- 6. "... type on a separate paper."

The underlined word means

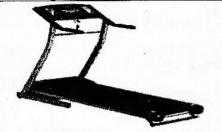
- A. different
- B. same
- C. inclusive
- D. similar

5



Bahasa Inggris SMP/MTs

The following text is for questions 7 and 8.



SAGA SPORT

Home Use Motorized Treadmill

Available item: 764

Hot Bargains Price: US \$185.00 Current Retail Price: US \$1599.00 1500 pcs ordered/month. Don't be late

Limited stocks!

Contact us at 021-80049/50

- 7. How many pieces of treadmill does the company sell in a month?
 - A. 185
 - B. 764
 - C. 1500
 - D. 1599
- 8. Why should you hurry to buy the product?
 - A. The stock is limited.
 - B. The price is very cheap now.
 - C. You will get more profits.
 - D. Other buyers are waiting.





Bahasa Inggris SMP/MTs

The following text is for questions 9 and 10

MAT. 10с 15с ні 6 Ф. М. SOUTH PORTLAND'S OWN

CAPE

THEATRE

"The Last Word In Theatre Comfort"
COTTAGE ROAD AT DAVIS STREET
DIAL 3 - 7111

10c 25c

1000	. Tue. Oct. 10		James Steward Carol Lombard Made For Each Other John Garneld Rosemary Lane	Thur. Fri. Sat. Oct.	Frederic March Joan Bennett Trade Winds Dennis O'Keefe Florence Rice
	10	11	Blackwell's Island Ordinary Carving Farewell To Vienna	12 13 14	Kid From Texas Our Gang's Auto Antics Death Vallas
Mon.	Oct.	Wed.	Irene Dunne Fred McMurray Invitation To Happiness Jack Benny Dorothy Lamour Man About Town Hollywood Hobbics News	Thur. Fri. Sat. Oct. 19 20 21	James Steward Claudette Colbert It's a Wonderful World Pat O'Brien Joan Biondell Kid from Kokomo Giorlited in Color Bill of Rights
Mon.	Tue. Oct. 24	Wed.	Robert Taylor Myrna Loy Lucky Night George Raft Ellen Drew Lady's From Kentucky Good Skates Tempo of Tomorrow	Thur. Fri. Sat. Oct. 26 27 28	Barbara Stanwyek Joel McCrea Union Pacific Shirley Ross Bob Hope Gene Krupa Some Like It Hot Y and Ghosts News
	FRE	E	To our lady patrons, every Wed Back-in Golder	lnesday, Combined Poppy Dinnerwar	

FREE PARKING LOT DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THEATRE

- 9. What will be played on October 20th?
 - A. Made for Each Other
 - B. Some Like it Hot
 - C. Kid from Kokomo
 - D. Trade Winds
- 10. From the text, we know that
 - A. every movie is played for three days
 - B. this is a cottage schedule in Portland
 - C. movie-goers will receive free dinner
 - D. Fred McMurray is the owner of the cinema





Bahasa Inggris SMP/MTs

The following text is for questions 11 to 13.

August 11th, 2012

James Stephen 15th Park Lane, Hyderabad.

Dear James,

Everything is fine here and I hope you do too. I hope your studies are going great. I am writing this letter to invite you and your family to come here (Mumbai) for this summer holidays. Since we've been apart for a long time, I want to spend this summer holidays with our families and I think we will enjoy it a lot.

We are planning to go to some cool places or a mountainous area during this time so that we can have a good time. The options are Ooty, Darjeeling, Shimla and many others. After we decide the place, we can arrange trips to nearby places as well. We will make this trip as a memorable one. Please let me know if you have any other place in mind, we will consider that as well. Reply me soon so that we can plan it well. Awaiting your reply.

Your loving friend, Radit

- 11. What is the letter about?
 - A. The writer's big family activities.
 - B. A holiday invitation to Mumbai.
 - C. A great, memorable trip in Mumbai.
 - D. James's studies at the university.
- 12. Where does James live?
 - A. Hyderabad
 - B. Mumbay
 - C. Shimlaa
 - D. Ooty
- 13. Why did the writer write the letter to James?
 - A. To inform the writer's studies in Mumbai.
 - B. To describe the writer's school in Mumbai.
 - C. To invite James and his family to visit Mumbai.
 - D. To ask for James to study with him in Mumbai.

8



Bahasa Inggris SMP/MTs

The following text is for questions 14 to 17.

How to Make Mango Juice

Materials

- some mangoes
- a half glass of water
- a glass of iced cube
- a spoon of sugar
- 3 spoons of condensed milk

Procedures:

First, peel the mango and clean it. Next, cut the mango into pieces and put them into the juicer. Then, put the water, ice, sugar, and milk. After that, turn on the juicer and wait about 15 seconds.

Finally, pour the mango juice into the glass and it ready to be served.

- 14. What should we do before we put the mango into the juicer?
 - A. Pour the mango juice into the glass.
 - B. Add water, ice, sugar, and milk.
 - C. Cut them into pieces.
 - D. Turn on the juicer.
- 15. What ingredient do we need as much as 3 spoons?
 - A. Sugar.
 - B. Water.
 - C. Iced Cube.
 - D. Condensed milk.
- 16. "First, peel the mango and clean it."

What is the synonym of the underlined word?

- A. Wash
- B. Dry
- C. Slice
- D. Cut
- 17. "... and put them into the juicer." (Step 2)

- A. sugar and mango
- B. ice and water
- C. sugar and milk
- D. pieces of mango

9



Bahasa Inggris SMP/MTs

The following text is for questions 18 to 21.

Bale Kambang is a small village on the Southern coast of East Java, seventy kilometers from Malang town, two hours' drive from south. It is well-known for its long beautiful white sandy beach as well as the similarity of its temple to the one of Tanah Lot in Bali.

In Bale Kambang, there are three small rocky islands namely Ismaya island, Wisanggeni island and Anoman island, those names are taken from "wayang" figures (Java traditional puppets). These islands are surrounded by Indonesian Ocean which huge waves frighten most overseas cruisers.

- 18. What makes Bale Kambang famous?
 - A. Small rocky islands.
 - B. Long beautiful beach.
 - C. Huge waves of ocean.
 - D. Overseas cruisers.
- 19. What is Bale Kambang?
 - A. A small village in Southern Coast of Jawa
 - B. Three small islands in Indonesian ocean
 - C. Wayang figure from east Jawa, Indonesia
 - D. A village in Malang, east Jawa
- 20. What is the main idea of the second paragraph?
 - A. There are many rocky islands in Bale Kambang.
 - B. Huge waves frighten many overseas cruisers.
 - C. Names of rocky islands are taken from "wayang" figures.
 - D. The rocky islands are in the middle of the sea.
- 21. "... on the southern coast of East Java, ..." (paragraph 1).

The underlined word is closest in meaning with

- A. strait
- B. peninsula
- C. shore
- D. bay

10



Bahasa Inggris SMP/MTs

The following text is for questions 22 to 26.

Transjakarta is one of the Jakarta's mass transportation system. The problem with Transjakarta begins with the stations. The flat top steel and glass enclosures have no ventilation at all. By the time the bus arrives, you will be drenched in sweat. It's hard to imagine how one could design a bus station to be any more uncomfortable.

When the bus finally stops, it will be packed to the gills. A few people may get off and a few may get on. If you are lucky enough to push your way on to the bus, you need to hang on, because it's like a sardine can. The buses are air conditioned, but it doesn't help much when the bus is over capacity. Pickpockets abound so you should be very careful with your belongings.

The best time to use the busway is between 10 a.m and 7 p.m on Sunday. There is a downloadable map on their website. The fare is Rp.3.500 and there are no transfer fees.

- 22. The text above tells us about ... Transjakarta.
 - A. the fare of
 - B. the station of
 - C. the problem of
 - D. the best time to use
- 23. Where can we download the map of Transjakarta?
 - A. On their website.
 - B. In their buses.
 - C. At the bus stop.
 - D. At the bus station.
- 24. Why does of Transjakarta's station become a problem?
 - A. It is made of steel and glass.
 - B. It has no ventilation at all.
 - C. It does not have good roofs.
 - D. It is in the shape of an enclosure.
- 25. What does the second paragraph tell us?
 - A. The situation when the bus stops at the station.
 - B. The people on the station are packed to the gills.
 - C. The way passengers of the bus leave the station.
 - D. Many people like to get on and off the bus.
- 26. From the text, we know that
 - A. Transjakarta provide a downloadable map on its website.
 - B. Transjakarta's station is very small but comfortable.
 - C. riding Transjakarta during office hour is irresistible.
 - D. Transjakarta charges Rp3.500 for its transfer fee.





Bahasa Inggris SMP/MTs

The following text is for questions 27 to 30.

Marie Curie was born in Poland in 1867. She was the only person who gained two Nobel prizes at that time. She achieved one on physics and one on chemistry. She was born as Marie Sklodowska, the daughter of a chemistry professor. She was the first woman who attended University of Sorbonne in Paris. As a poor student, she lived in Paris on only ten cents a day for 3 years. In 1895, she married Pierre Currie, a chemist. They had two daughters: Irene and Eve. Marie managed three lives as a researcher, a wife and a mother.

In 1898, Marie discovered radium. Later she developed a concept of radioactivity, which marked the beginning of the atomic age. During World War I, Marie and her daughter completed a new medical tool - the X - ray. Marie died in 1934, only a year before her daughter Irene won the Nobel Prize in chemistry.

- 27. What is Marrie Currie's achievement during World War 1?
 - A. She married to her husband and had two daughters.
 - She lived with only ten cents a day for three years.
 - She completed the X- ray machine with her daughter.
 - She was the first woman to study in Sorbonne University.
- 28. From the text, we know that
 - A. Marrie Currie's passion for chemistry was followed by her daughter
 - B. Pierre Currie was a Chemistry professor in Sorbonne University
 - C. Irene Currie was Marie Currie's sister and had similar passion
 - D. Pierre Currie lived in Paris and went to Sorbonne University
- 29. What is the main idea of paragraph 2?
 - A. Marie Currie and her Nobel prizes.
 - B. Marie's daughters are Irene and Eve.
 - C. Marie's family background.
 - D. Marie's achievement as a scientist.
- "In 1898, Marie discovered radium". (paragraph 2) The underlined word means

 - A. had
 - B. met
 - C. got
 - D. found

12



Bahasa Inggris SMP/MTs

The following text is for questions 31 to 34.

Once upon a time, Roro Anteng and Joko Seger lived on the foot of Mount Bromo. After six years of marriage, they had not had any children. They prayed, pleaded to Gods for children. Their prayer was granted in one condition. They should sacrifice their youngest son to the Bromo crater.

After sometime, Roro Anteng gave birth to a child, and it happened every year until they had 25 children. They lived happily and forgot about the agreement. The mount Bromo erupted signaling that the Gods asked the couple to fulfill their promise. But they didn't want their youngest son, Raden Kusuma, to be sacrificed to the crater.

Raden Kusuma learned about the deal his parents had made. Meanwhile the lava from the crater had made the people living near the mountain suffered. Since Raden Kusuma was a kind and noble man, he didn't want his siblings and other people suffered because of him. Therefore he went to Mount Bromo and sacrificed himself to the crater. The eruption suddenly stopped.

After that day, the Tengger people have given offerings to the crater, as Raden Kusuma had sacrificed himself before.

- 31. Why did Roro Anteng and Joko Seger have to sacrifice their youngest son?
 - A. The youngest son was a noble man.
 - B. The son could stop the eruption.
 - C. They have promised to do that.
 - D. They have 25 children already.
- 32. What is the main idea of paragraph 3?
 - A. The eruption of the mount stopped instantly.
 - B. Raden Kusuma sacrificed himself.
 - C. The crater of mount Bromo was dangerous.
 - D. Raden Kusuma made people angry.
- 33. The text shows that Roro Anteng and Joko Seger
 - A. really loved Raden Kusuma
 - B. disliked their youngest son
 - C. let their son kill himself
 - D. agreed to their son's behaviour
- 34. The moral of the story is
 - A. keeping our promise is unnecessary
 - B. parents must not promise to do anything
 - C. all parents love their children
 - D. we have to fulfill our promise





Bahasa Inggris SMP/MTs

The following text is for questions 35 to 38.

In the days when an a soda float costed less, a 9 year old girl entered a coffee shop and sat at a table. A waiter put the menu in front of her.

"How much is a soda float?"

"One dollar," replied the waiter.

The little girl pulled her hand out of her cute little pink purse and studied a number of coins in it.

"How much is a bottle of soda?" she inquired. Some people were now waiting for a table and the waiter was a bit impatient.

"75 cents," he said brusquely.

The little girl again counted the coins. "I'll have a bottle of soda," she said. The waiter brought the soda bottle, put the bill on the table and walked away. The girl finished the soda, paid the cashier and departed.

When the waiter returned, he began wiping down the table and then swallowed hard at what he saw. There, placed neatly beside the empty dish, were 25 cents – his tip.

- 35. Why did the waiter swallow hard?
 - A. The girl didn't have enough money.
 - B. He drank a bottle of soda.
 - C. He drank a soda float.
 - D. The girl left tip for the waiter.
- 36. The main idea of the last paragraph?
 - A. The girl cleaned the table patiently.
 - B. The girl left her tip for the waiter.
 - C. The waiter swallowed the soda hard.
 - D. The waiter left an empty dish.
- 37. What can we learn from the story?
 - A. Never underestimate other people.
 - B. Surprises happen anywhere.
 - C. Be patient in serving other people.
 - D. Be kind to other people.
- 38. "... and studied a number of coins in it." (Paragraph 2)

- A. the menu
- B. coffee shop
- C. the purse
- D. the girl's hand





Bahasa Inggris SMP/MTs

The following text is for questions 39 to 42.

Gardenia plants are popular for the strong sweet scent of their flowers. Gardenia is the national flower in Pakistan. In Japan and China, the flower is called Kuchinashi (Japanese) and Zhi zi (Chinese).

Gardenia plants are evergreen shrubs. Their small trees can grow to 1-5 meters tall. The leaves are 5-50 centimeters long and 3-25 centimeters broad, dark green and glossy with a leathery texture. The flowers are in small groups, white, or pale yellow, with 5-12 lobes (petals) from 5-12 centimeters diameter. They usually bloom in midspring to mid-summer. Many species have strong aroma.

To cultivate gardenia as a house plant is not easy. This species can be difficult to grow because it originated in warm humid tropical areas. It demands high humidity and bright (not direct) light to thrive. It flourishes in acidic soil with good drainage and thrives on $20^{\circ} - 23^{\circ}$ C during the day and $15^{\circ} - 16^{\circ}$ C in the evening. Potting soils developed specifically for gardenias are available. It grows no larger than 18 inches in height and width when grown indoor. In climates where it can be grown outdoors, it can reach the height of 6 feet. If water hits the flowers, they will turn brown.

- 39. How tall is a gardenia tree?
 - A. 3-25 cm.
 - B. 5 12 cm.
 - C. 5-50 cm.
 - D. 1-5 m.
- 40. What is the main idea of the last paragraph?
 - A. It is easy to plant a gardenia tree.
 - B. A gardenia plant needs high humidity.
 - C. It's not easy to plant gardenia as a house plant.
 - D. A good drainage is important for gardenia plant.
- 41. From the text we know that
 - A. people don't like the strong scent of flower
 - B. Gardenia is widespread in Asia
 - C. the flower is easy to plant
 - D. the flower is expensive
- 42. "... because it originated in warm ..." (paragraph 3, line 10)

- A. the flower
- B. the species
- C. the soil
- D. the leaf

15



Bahasa Inggris SMP/MTs

For questions 43 to 45, complete the text with suitable words.

I (43) ... my adolescence when I was thirteen. It started with acne that showed right on top of my pointed (44) ... It was very annoying. It made me self conscious about my look. Fortunately, my Mom treated me (45) ... in three weeks. The acnes started to vanish. That was my experience during adolescence.

- 43. A. reached
 - B. learned
 - C. stayed
 - D. stopped
- 44. A. cheek
 - B. nose
 - C. face
 - D. head
- 45. A. slowly
 - B. regularly
 - C. patiently
 - D. weekly

For questions 46 to 48, choose the suitable words to fill in the blanks.

Mr. Bambang is an English teacher. He speaks English fluently. His wife, Mrs. Vanya is a (46) She helps sick people. She doesn't speak English. Mr. Bambang has two children. They study English not only at school but also at home. They are (47) ... students. Their father teaches them every night, so they can speak English (48)... He is very proud of them.

- 46. A. teacher
 - B. ianitor
 - C. doctor
 - D. chef
- 47. A. lazy
 - B. proud
 - C. stupid
 - D. diligent
- 48. A. fluently
 - B. silently
 - C. slowly
 - D. badly





Bahasa Inggris SMP/MTs

49. Arrange the sentences bellow into a correct paragraph.

- 1. We left our house at about 5 o'clock in the morning. We took a taxi to the railway station.
- 2. Finally our train came. All of us rushed to get on the train.
- 3. Last *Lebaran*, my family and I went hometown. We decided to take a train because it is more comfortable.
- 4. It took about 5 to 7 hours to get to our hometown. We enjoyed our journey.
- 5. We took the carriage no 3 according to our tickets.
- 6. But without any prior information, our train was late for about fifteen minutes, so we had to wait a bit longer.
- 7. After finding our seats we could sit comfortably.
- 8. We arrived at the station at six. Our train would leave at 6.40.

A.
$$3-8-6-4-5-1-2-7$$

B.
$$3-4-5-8-1-2-6-7$$

C.
$$3-1-8-6-2-5-7-4$$

D.
$$3-5-4-2-7-8-1-6$$

- 50. Arrange these sentences below into a good paragraph.
 - 1. He had booked one week tour.
 - 2. Mr. Adiputra's family was on vacation
 - 3. They went to Bali
 - 4. That included accommodation and tour around Bali
 - 5. They boarded a large Airbus.
 - 6. They had a very pleasant flight.
 - 7. He booked four tickets at the travel agent.
 - 8. On the plane the cabin crews gave them food and drink.

A.
$$1-4-5-8-6-2-3-7$$

B.
$$2-3-7-1-4-5-8-6$$

C.
$$7-2-3-8-4-6-5-1$$

D.
$$3-7-1-4-5-8-6-2$$